

Diesel On-Road Private Fleets Control Measure Public Workshop



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Jackie Johnson
In-Use Control Measures Section
Heavy-Duty Diesel In Use Strategies Branch

California Environmental Protection Agency



Air Resources Board

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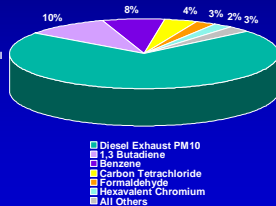
Overview

- Diesel Risk Reduction Program
- ARB Diesel PM Control Measures (Adopted and Future)
- Diesel PM Emission Reduction Strategies
- On-Road Private Fleets
- Next Steps

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Health Effects of Diesel PM in California

- Increases cancer risk, hospital admissions & premature deaths
 - In California in year 2000, diesel PM responsible for:
 - ◆ 2000-2500 premature deaths
 - ◆ ~3,600 hospital admissions
- ◆ 70% of known statewide air toxics risk is from diesel PM



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California Diesel Risk Reduction Plan

■ Established Goals

- ◆ Reduce PM emissions from all diesel-fueled engines in California
- ◆ 75% reduction by 2010
- ◆ 85% reduction by 2020

■ Four-pronged approach

- ◆ New engine standards
- ◆ Cleaner diesel fuel - <15 ppm S
- ◆ Retrofit of existing engines
- ◆ Ensure in-use emissions maintained

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ARB Diesel PM Control Measures

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Adopted ARB Diesel PM Measures

- Transit agency fleet rule (2000)
- School bus idling (2002)
- Solid waste collection vehicles (2003)
- Stationary compression ignition engines (2004)
- Portable engines (2004)
- Transport refrigeration units (2004)
- Commercial vehicle idling (2004)

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Adopted ARB Diesel PM Measures (continued)

- Locomotives/harborcraft fuel (2004)
- Transit fleet vehicles (2005)
- Public agency/utility on-road fleets (2005)
- Port/rail cargo handling equipment (2005)
- Ship auxiliary engine fuel (2005)

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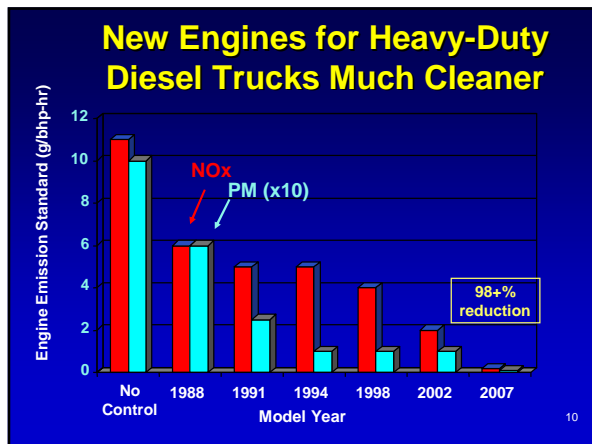
Future ARB Diesel Measures

- 2006/07
 - ◆ Off-Road Mobile Equipment
 - ◆ On-Road Private Fleets
 - ◆ Harbor Craft
 - ◆ Stationary Agricultural Engines
 - ◆ Off-Road Agricultural Engines

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Diesel PM Emission Reduction Strategies

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- ### Cleaner Diesel Fuels
- ARB requires 15 ppm sulfur diesel fuel for on-road engines, off-road equipment, and stationary engines effective mid 2006
 - ◆ California diesel fuel continues to limit aromatics content to reduce NOx
 - National on-road EPA low sulfur diesel being phased-in in late 2006
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- ### Reducing Emissions from Existing Engines
- In-use controls - ensure engines operate as cleanly as possible
 - Fleet rules - modernize fleets through accelerated replacement, repower, and retrofit
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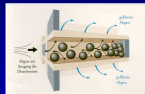
In-Use Controls for Heavy-Duty Vehicles

- **Maintaining emission levels in-use:**
 - ◆ Roadside Smoke Inspection Program
 - ◆ Software upgrade (chip reflash)
 - ◆ On-board diagnostic program
 - Applies to 2010 model year vehicles
 - ◆ In-use compliance test program
- **Operational controls:**
 - ◆ Idling limits (adopted 2004)

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PM Reduction From Existing Vehicles

Control Strategy	PM Reduction
Exhaust Filter	85%
Exhaust Catalysts	25%
Re-power with newer engine	20% to 90%
New vehicle	90%
Other (typical)	10% to 50%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Engine modifications ◆ Fuel additives ◆ Alternative diesel fuel derivatives 	



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Compliance Flexibility

- Additional time to repower engine if verified retrofit controls are not available
- Special provisions for smaller fleets
- Special provisions for very low usage fleets
- Early compliance credit

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Diesel Retrofit Emission Control Technologies

Exhaust Gas Aftertreatment

- Diesel Oxidation Catalyst
- Diesel Particulate Filter – Passive
- Diesel Particulate Filter - Active
- Lean NOx Catalyst
- Selective Catalytic Reduction
- NOx Adsorbers
- Flow-Through Filters
- Exhaust Gas Recirculation

Fuel Based Technologies

- Alternative Diesel Fuels - Emulsions
- Alternative Diesel Fuels - Biodiesel
- Alternative Diesel Fuels - Gas to Liquids
- Fuel Additives

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Verified PM Retrofit Technologies

- ARB verifies effectiveness of emissions control technology
- Currently 25 PM diesel emission control systems verified
 - ◆ Level 1 (25% reduction) - 9 systems
 - ◆ Level 2 (50% reduction) - 4 systems
 - ◆ Level 3 (>85% reduction) - 12 systems
- Memorandum of Agreement with U.S. EPA for emission testing and verification levels



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Carl Moyer and Other Incentive Programs

- Grants to fund incremental cost to install cleaner engines or retrofit devices early
 - ◆ For early or extra emission reductions
- \$154 million spent over 6 years
 - ◆ 7000 engines cleaned up; 136 trucks (first 4 years)
 - ◆ Cost effective - \$3000/ton NOx
- New on-going funding beginning 2005
 - ◆ \$140 million/year
 - ◆ PM retrofits and fleet modernization now eligible
- Other Incentive Programs (Gateway Cities and SECAT)
 - ◆ 650 trucks funded

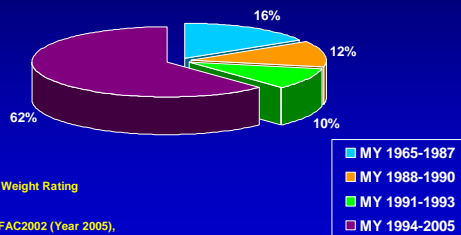
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Heavy-Duty Diesel Private Fleets



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Heavy-Duty Diesel Private Fleets 2005 Vehicle Age Distribution (Vehicles > 14,000 lbs*) (Total Population ~ 270,000**)

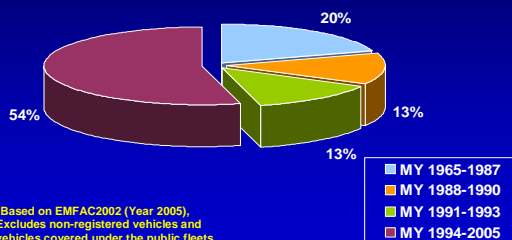


*Gross Vehicle Weight Rating

**Based on EMFAC2002 (Year 2005),
Excludes non-registered vehicles and
vehicles covered under the public fleets,
transit, urban bus, and trash truck rules.

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Heavy-Duty Diesel Private Fleets 2005 Diesel PM Emissions (Vehicles > 14,000 lbs) (Total Diesel PM Emissions ~ 9 tons per day*)



*Based on EMFAC2002 (Year 2005),
Excludes non-registered vehicles and
vehicles covered under the public fleets,
transit, urban bus, and trash truck rules.

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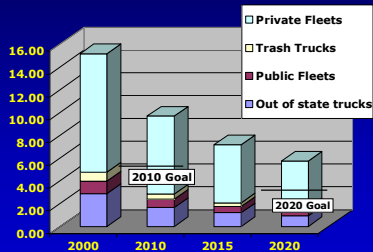
On-Road Private Fleets Business Type

Business Type	Percent of Fleet
For Hire Transportation or Warehousing	38%
Construction	14%
Wholesale Trade	10%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, or Hunting	9%
Vehicle Leasing or Rental	8%
Waste Management, Landscaping	6%
Retail Trade	6%
Manufacturing	5%
Accommodation or Food Services	2%
Other	2%

Source: California 2002 Economic Census Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau

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Heavy-Duty Diesel On-Road Fleets Diesel PM Emissions (tons per day)



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Heavy-Duty Diesel Private Fleets Control Measure

- Reduce diesel PM from on-road (in-use) diesel-fueled private fleets.
- Diesel-powered vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 14,000 lbs or greater.
- Includes but not limited to: private fleet heavy-duty trucks, private fleet buses, and motor homes
- Does not apply to heavy-duty vehicles covered by ARB's Solid Waste Collection, On-Road Heavy-Duty Municipality and Utility Owned Truck control measures and Fleet Rules for Transit Agencies.

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Rulemaking Process

- Work with public and affected stakeholders
 - ◆ First workshops to discuss general concepts
 - ◆ Informal workgroup meetings and additional workshops as appropriate
- Staff evaluation and public review
 - ◆ Fleet and emissions inventory
 - ◆ Control technology feasibility/availability
 - ◆ Economic costs and environmental benefits
 - ◆ Consider need for compliance flexibility
 - ◆ Propose concepts
- Formal public comment period before Board consideration
- Public hearing and consideration by Board

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On-Road Private Fleets Tentative Schedule

- First public workshop series
 - ◆ Sacramento, April 5; El Monte, April 12; and Fresno, April 13
- Workgroup meetings
 - ◆ Late spring/early summer 2006
- Second public workshop
 - ◆ Discuss regulatory concepts (late summer)
- Additional workgroup meetings (Fall)
- Third public workshop
 - ◆ Regulatory proposal in winter 2006/2007
- Formal Board consideration in mid 2007

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Contacts

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ■ Tony Brasil, P.E.,
Manager, In-Use Control
Section
tbrasil@arb.ca.gov
(916)323-2927 | ■ Annette Hebert, Chief,
Heavy-duty Diesel In-use
Strategies Branch
ahebert@arb.ca.gov
(626)575-6973 |
| ■ Jackie Johnson (staff)
jjohnson@arb.ca.gov
(916)323-2750 | ■ Ron Nunes (staff)
rnunes@arb.ca.gov
(916)327-0376 |

Website: <http://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/onrdiesel/onrdiesel.htm>

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